

***Describing the Biosynthesis
of Nocardioazine B***

Presentation by Jaren Lobb

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Article

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Unveiling an indole alkaloid diketopiperazine biosynthetic pathway that features a unique stereoisomerase and multifunctional methyltransferase

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 Check for updates

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The 2,5-diketopiperazines are a prominent class of bioactive molecules. The nocardioazines are actinomycete natural products that feature a pyrro-



Dr. Amy Lane, Professor @ Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology

- B.S., Chemistry, Indiana state University
- PhD., Chemistry, Georgia Institute of Technology (Advisor: Julia Kubanek)
- Post-Doctoral Fellow, Scripps Institution of Oceanography at UCSD (Advisor: Brad Moore)
- 14 years as Professor at University of North Florida



Dr. Rajesh Viswanathan, Professor @ Indian Institute of Science Education and Research, Tirupati

- M.S., Chemistry, Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur (Advisor: Javed Iqbal)
- PhD., Chemistry, Indiana University Bloomington (Advisor: Jeff Johnston)
- Post-Doctoral Fellow, University of Utah (Advisor: Dale Poulter)



Garrett Deletti

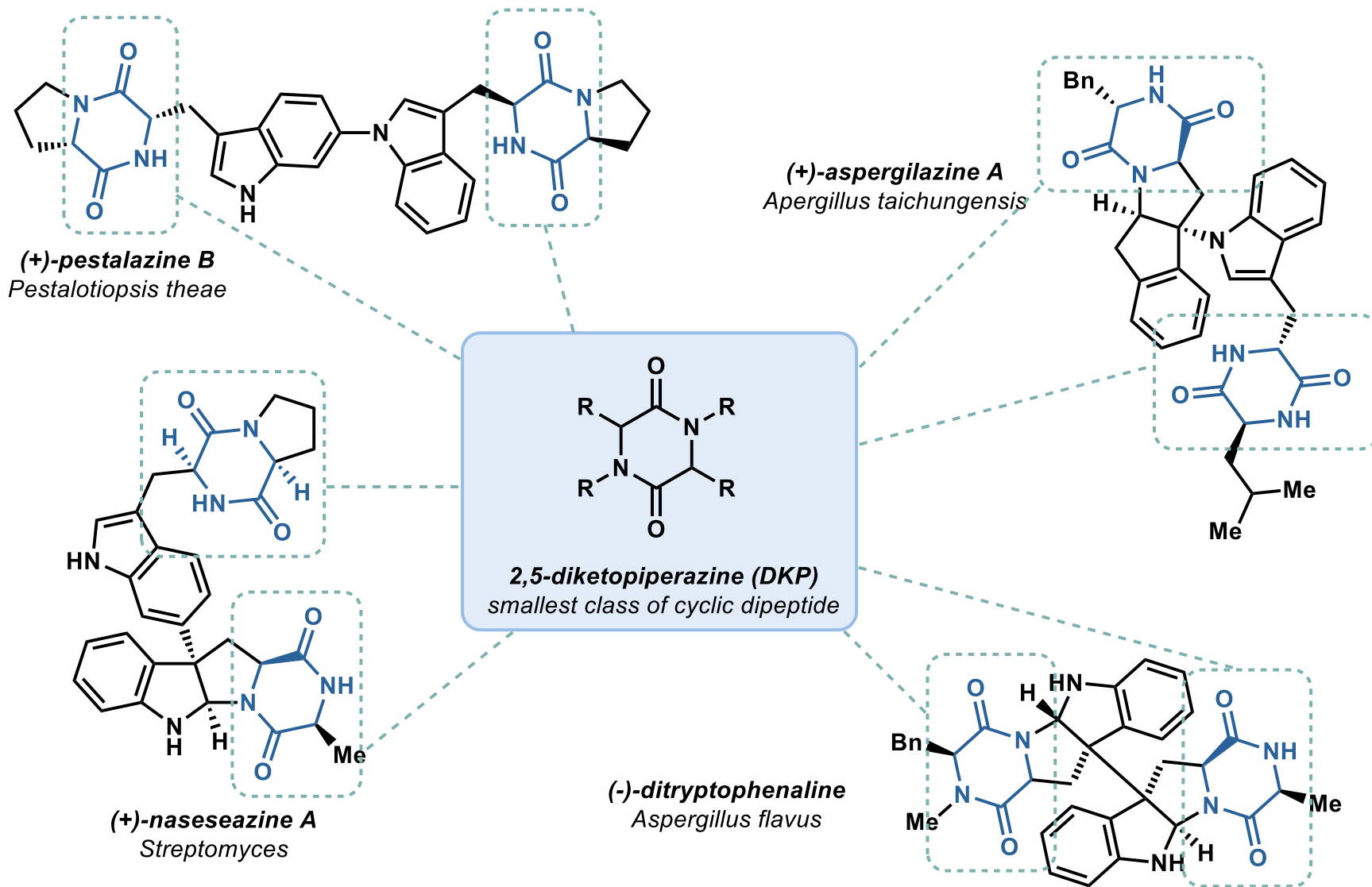
- UNF Chemistry and Biochemistry Outstanding Undergraduate Researcher Awardee 2022
- BS., Chemistry, University of North Florida
- Current Whereabouts Unknown

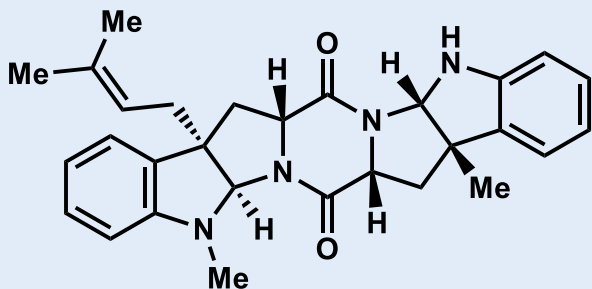


Sajan Green

- ACS Organic Chemistry Awardee 2022
- BS., Chemistry, University of North Florida
- 3rd Year PhD Candidate, University of Florida, Loesgen Lab

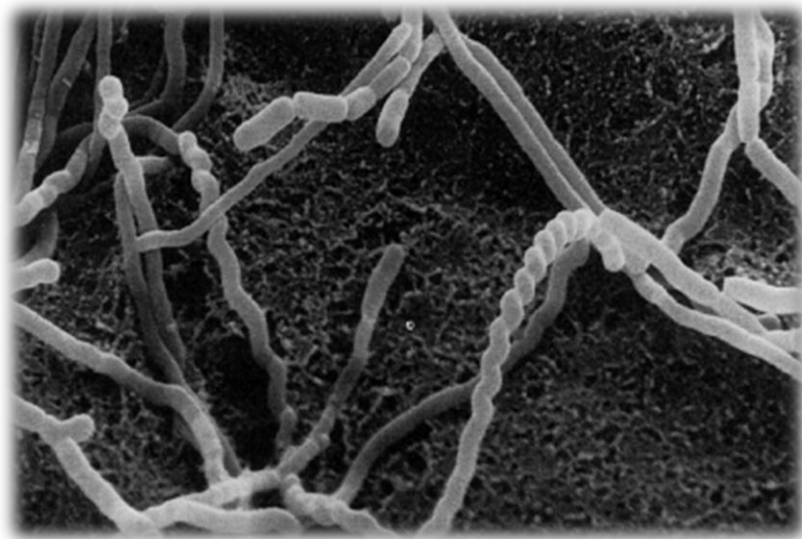
Overview of DKPs in Natural Products

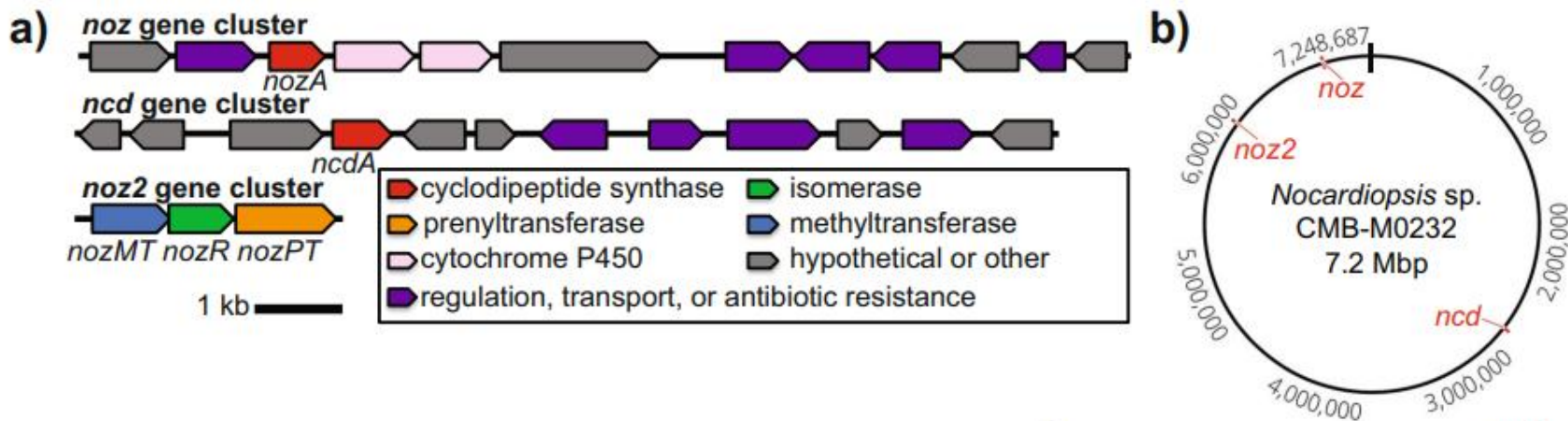


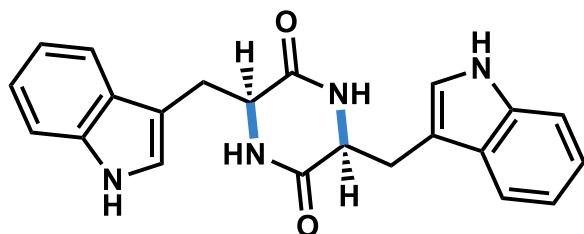


- **2,5-diketopiperazine natural product isolated from *Nocardiosis* sp. CMB-M0232**
 - 5 chiral centers, 2 quaternary
 - C3 methyl and C3' prenyl groups establish asymmetric structure of this di-tryptophan DKP

- **Demonstrated strong anti-cancer activity**
 - Non-cytotoxic P-glycoprotein inhibitor
 - Reverses drug resistance in cancer cells

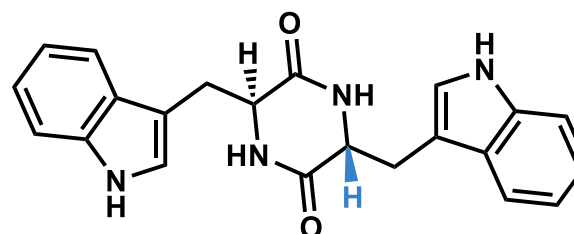






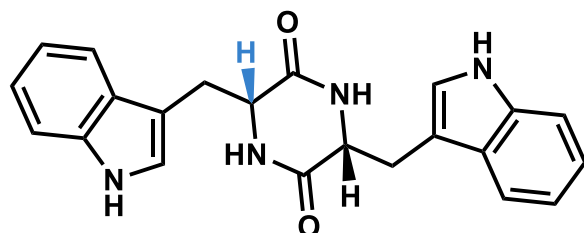
(1) *cyclo-L-Trp-Trp*

from tryptophanyl-tRNA^{Trp} via *NozA* or *NcdA* CDPS



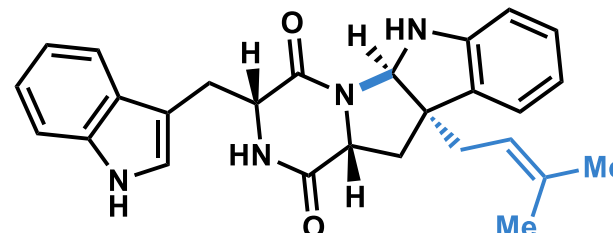
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isomerase product I



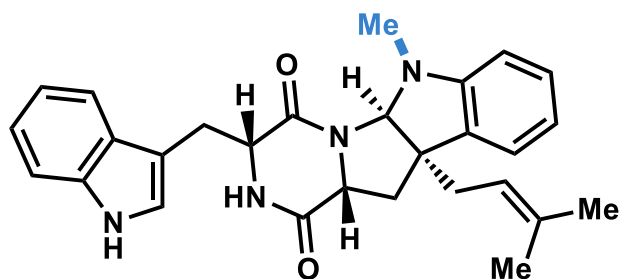
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isomerase product II



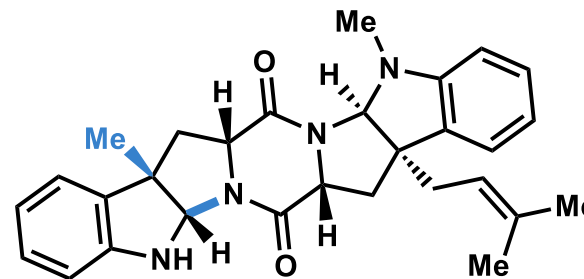
(4) *cyclo-D-Trp-C3'-prenyl-D-Trp*

prenyltransferase product



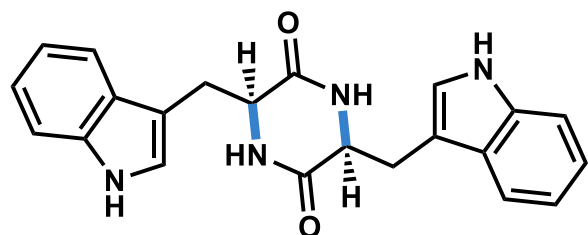
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methyltransferase product I



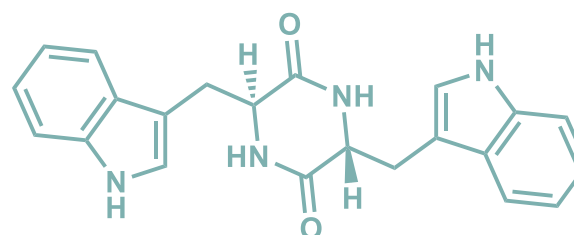
(6) *Nocardioazine B*

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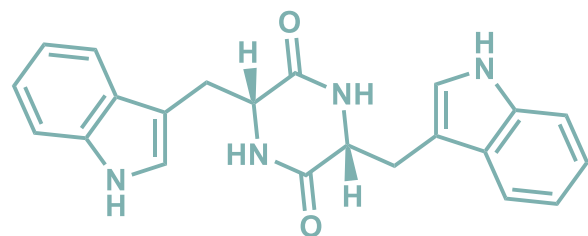
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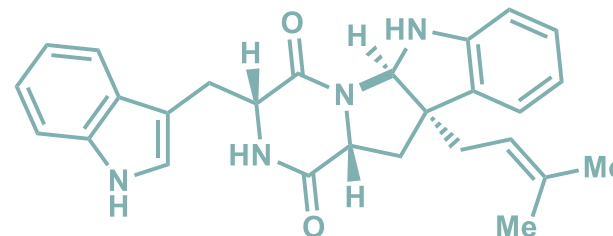
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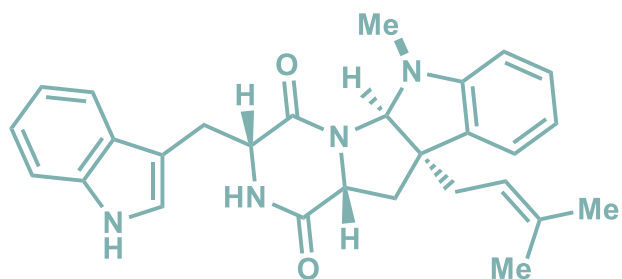
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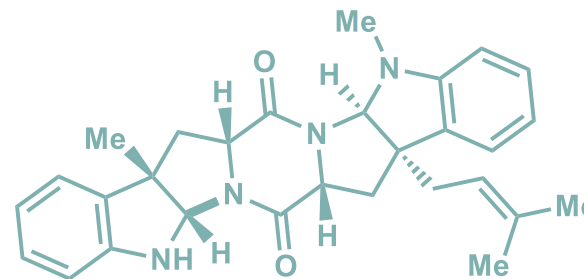
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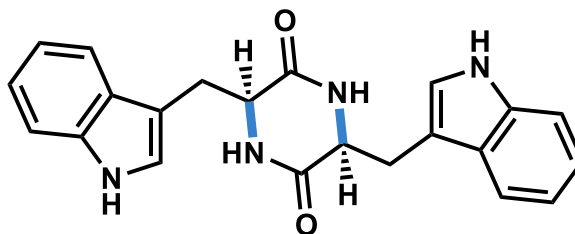
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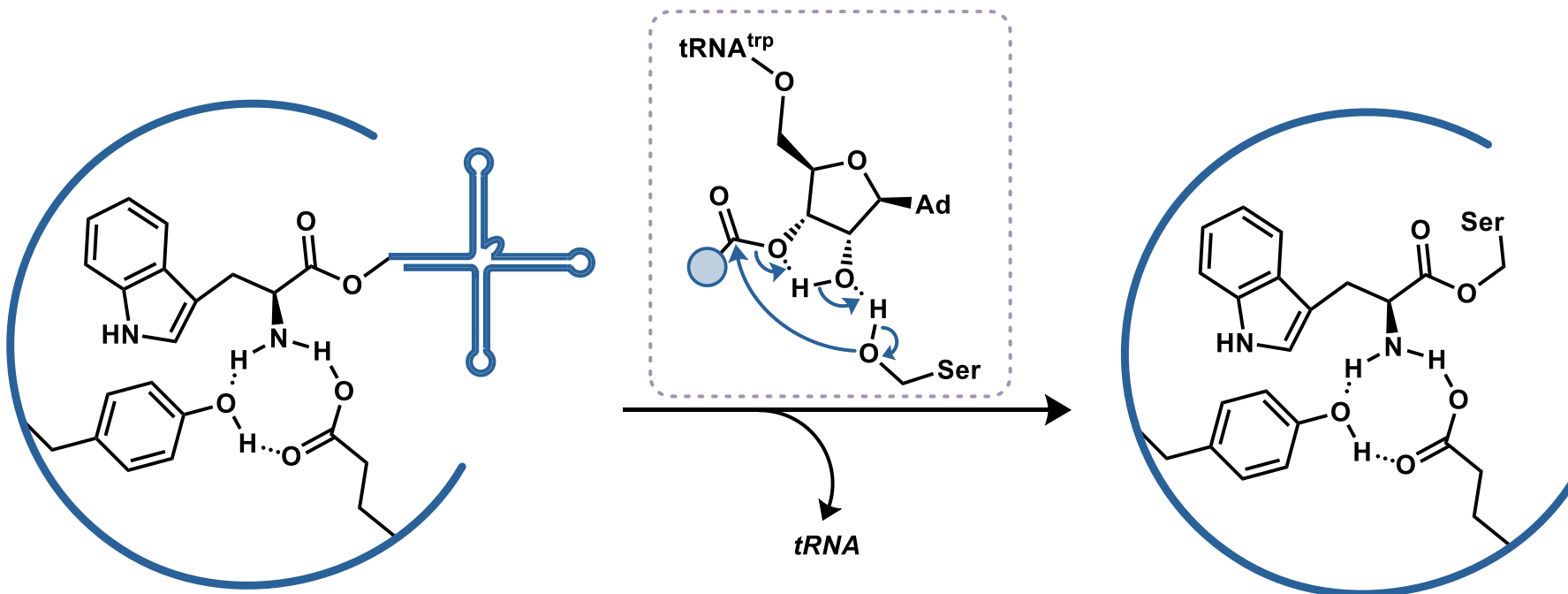
methyltransferase product II



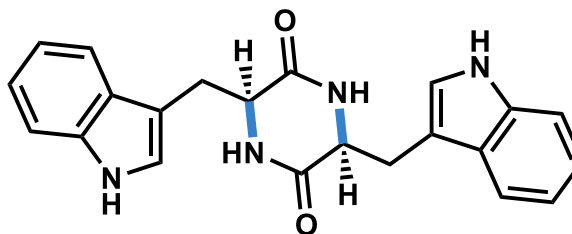
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Cyclodipeptide Synthases are an example of non-ribosomal peptide synthetases (NRPSs)

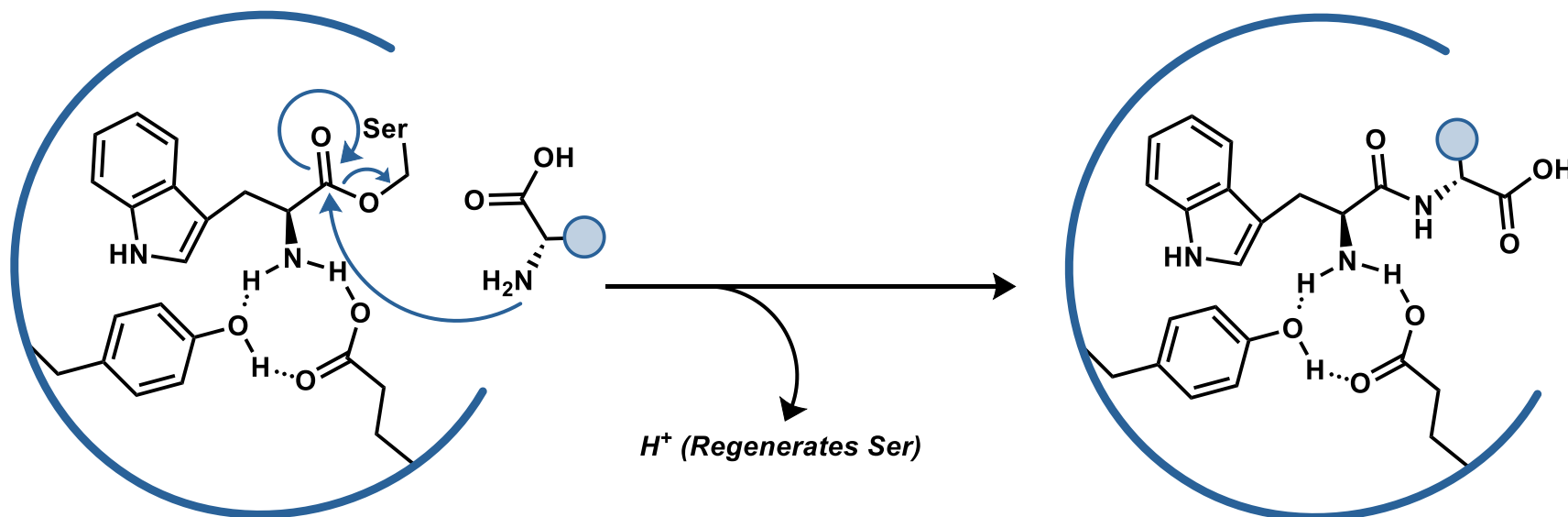


NozA/NcdA Cyclodipeptide Synthases

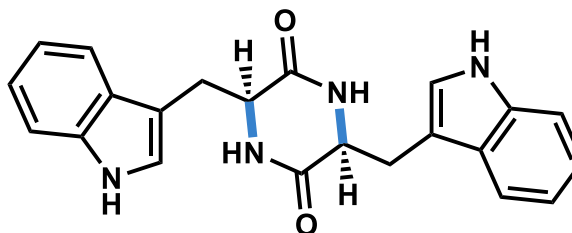


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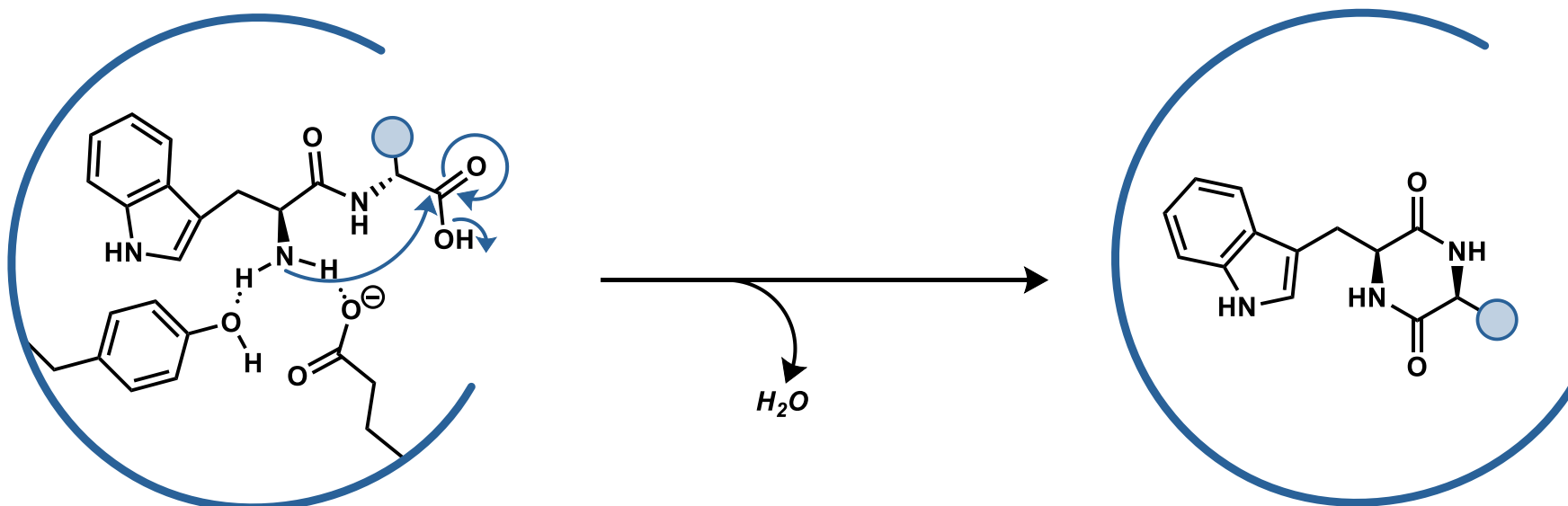
NozA/NcdA Cyclodipeptide Synthases

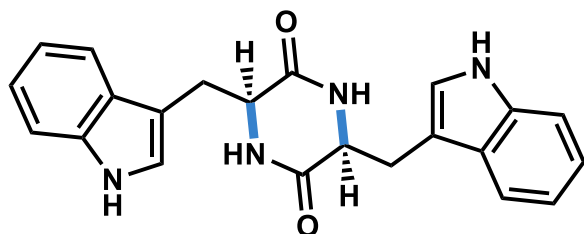


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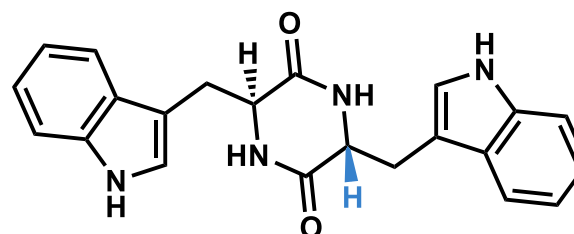
Cyclodipeptide Synthases generate DKPs from amino acyl tRNA through serine mediated hydrolysis and amide formation





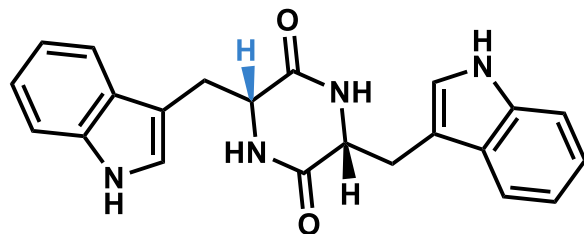
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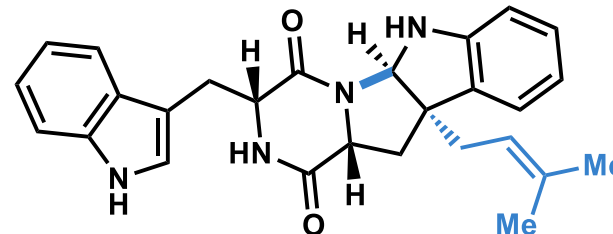
(2) *cyclo-D-L-Trp-Trp*

isomerase product I



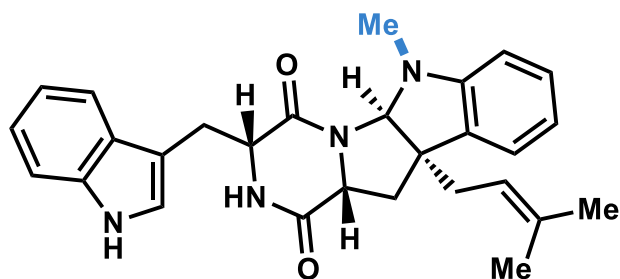
(3) *cyclo-D-D-Trp-Trp*

isomerase product II



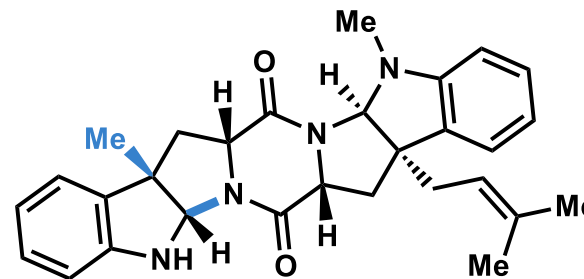
(4) *cyclo-D-Trp-C3'-prenyl-D-Trp*

prenyltransferase product



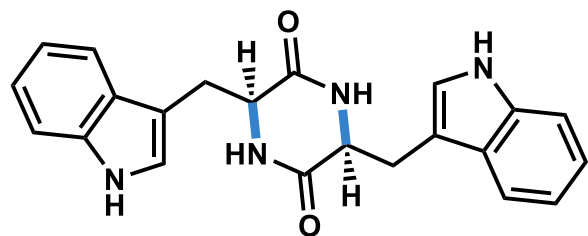
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methyltransferase product I



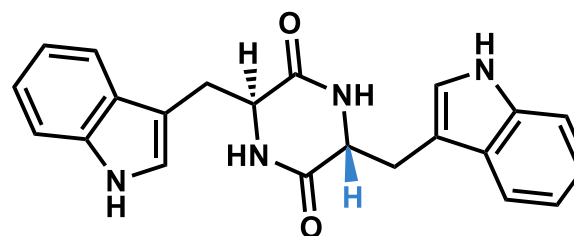
(6) *Nocardioazine B*

methyltransferase product II

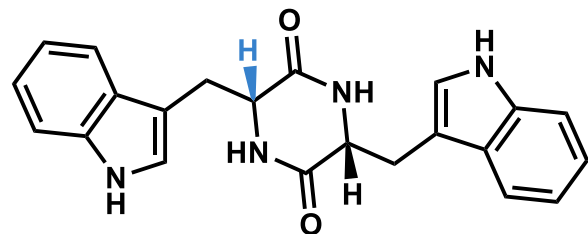


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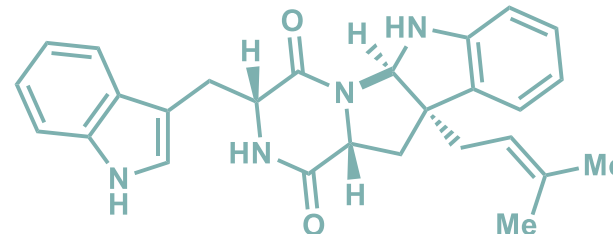
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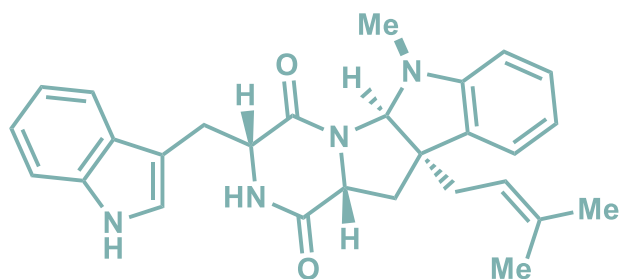
(2) *cyclo-D-L-Trp-Trp*
isomerase product I



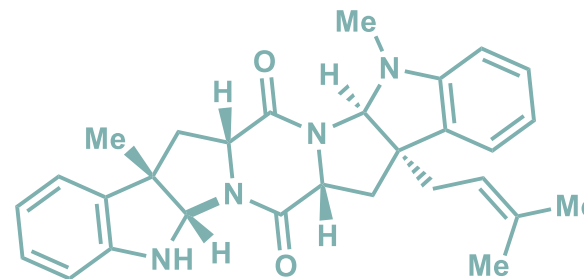
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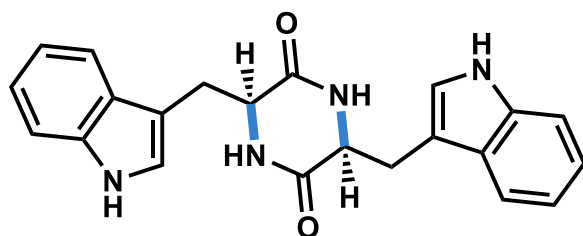
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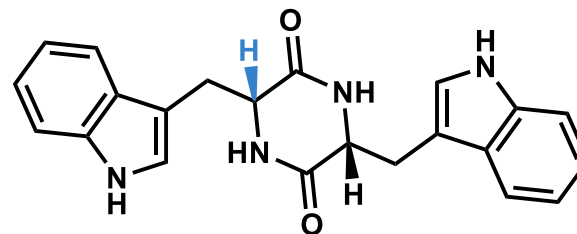


(6) *Nocardioazaine B*
methyltransferase product II



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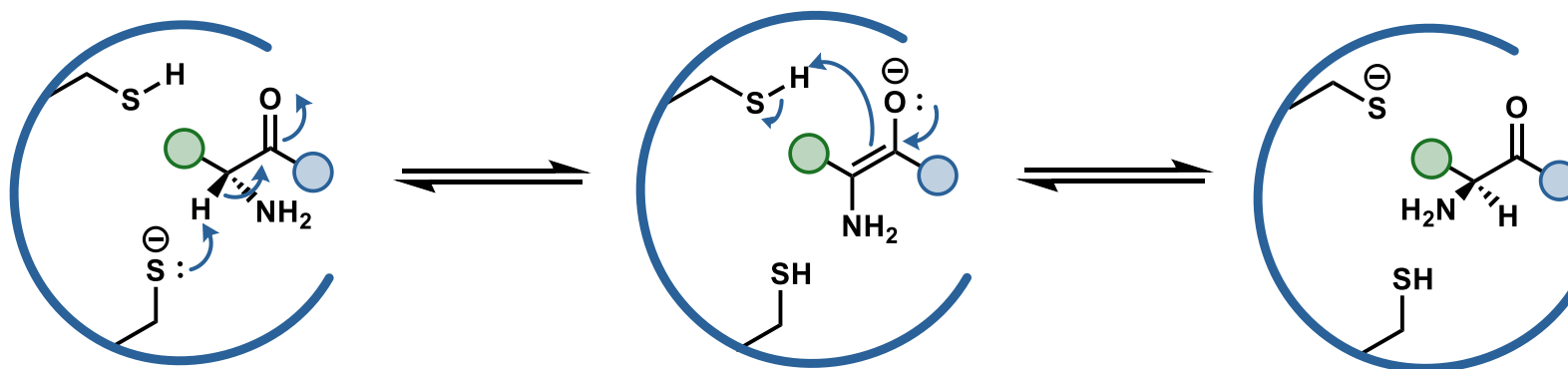
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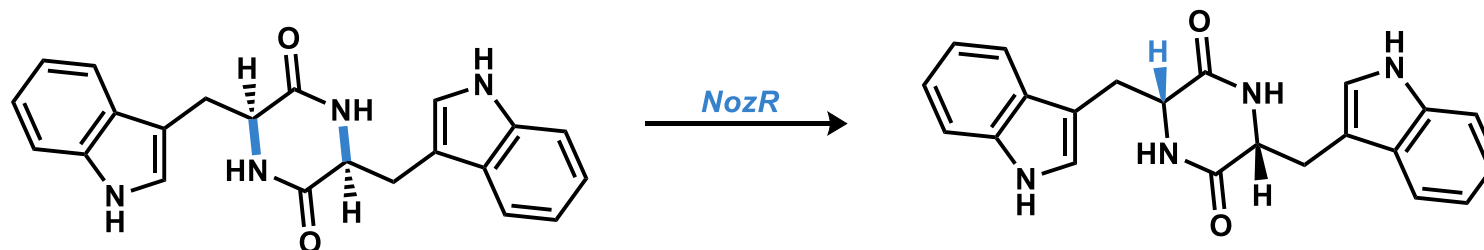
(3) *cyclo-D-D-Trp-Trp*

isomerase product II

NozR is a member of the Asp/Glu Racemase family which catalyze the general isomerization shown below:



Isomerization between enantiomers occurs readily through this cysteine-cysteine catalytic dyad

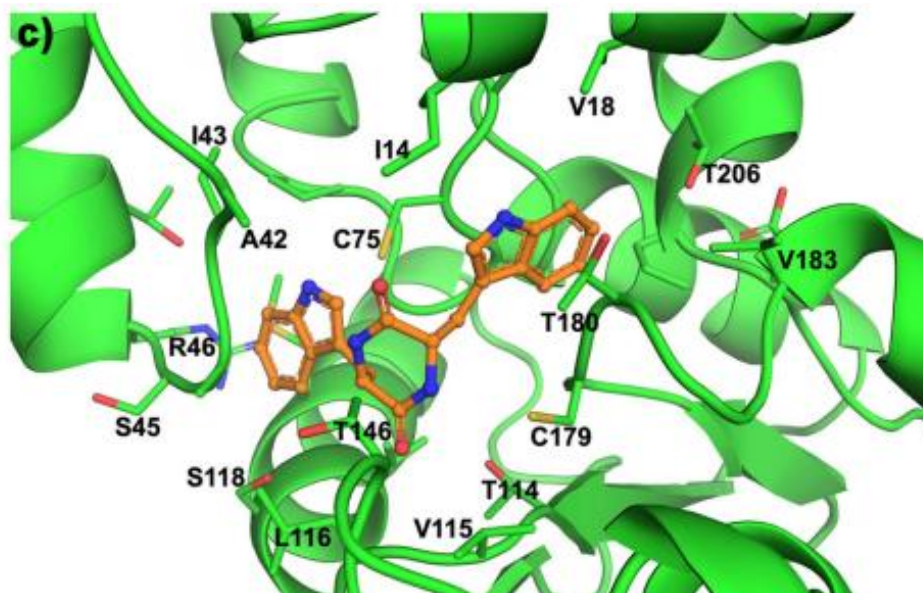


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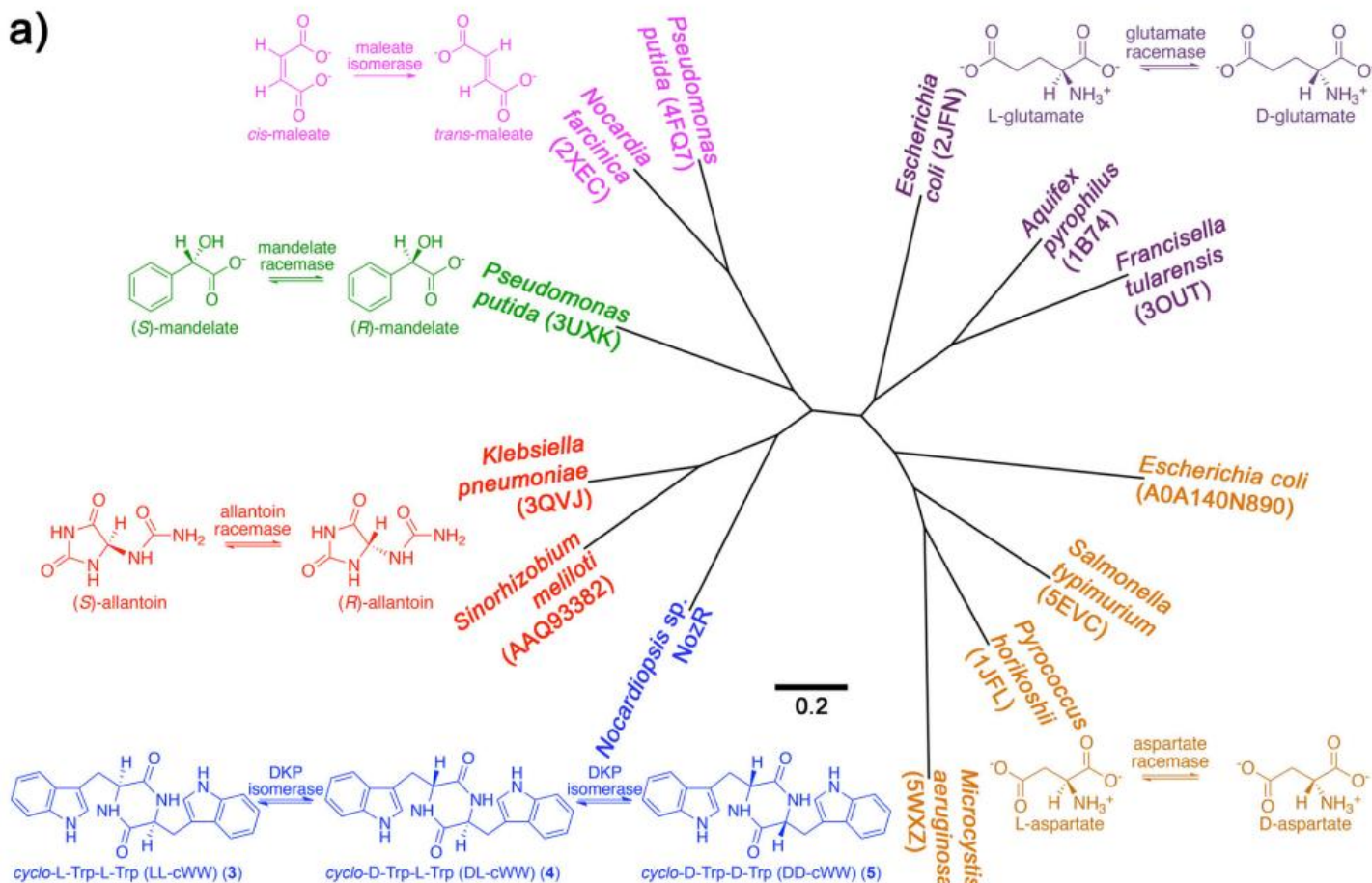
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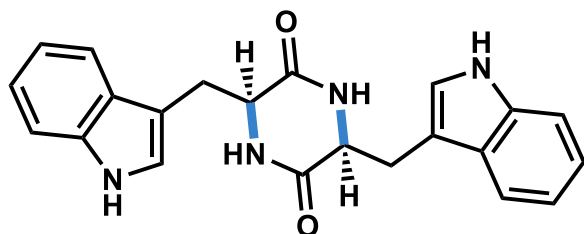
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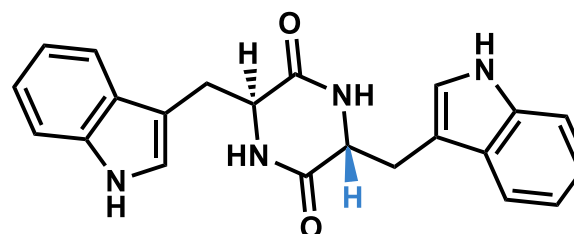
NozR active site in complex with substrate 1



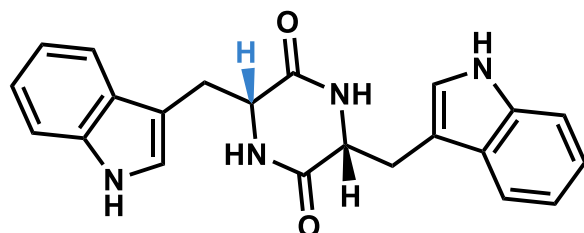


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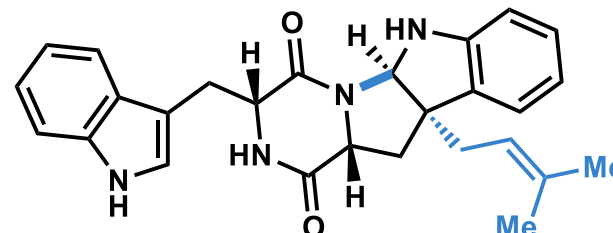
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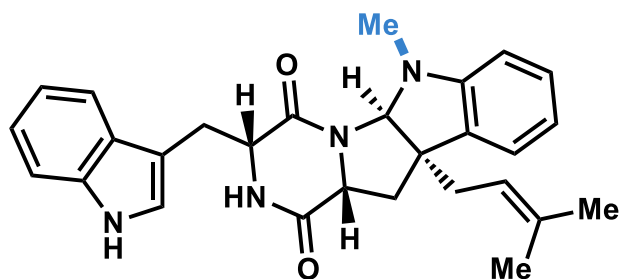
(2) *cyclo-D-L-Trp-Trp*
isomerase product I



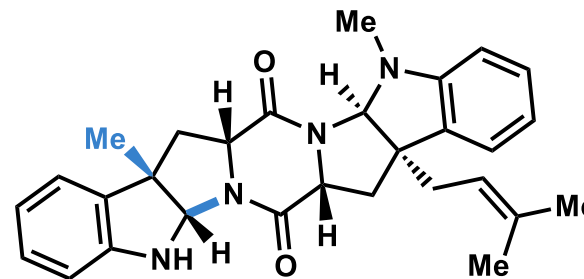
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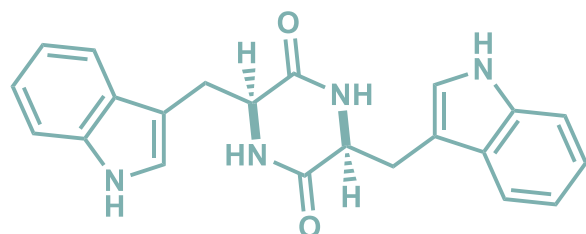
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(5) *cyclo-D-Trp-N1'-methyl-C3'-prenyl-D-Trp*
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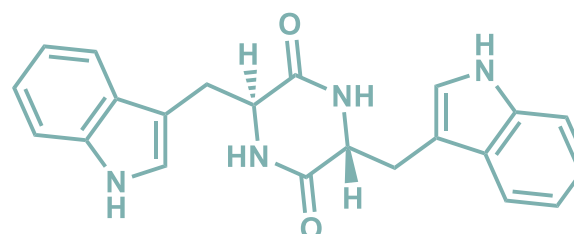


(6) *Nocardioazine B*
methyltransferase product II



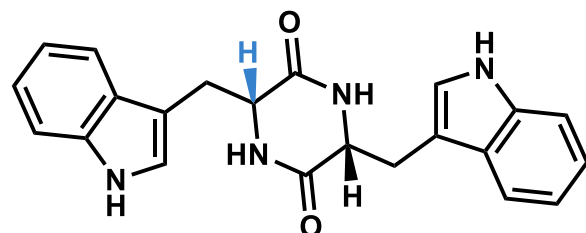
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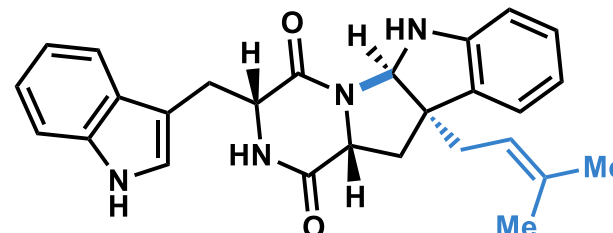
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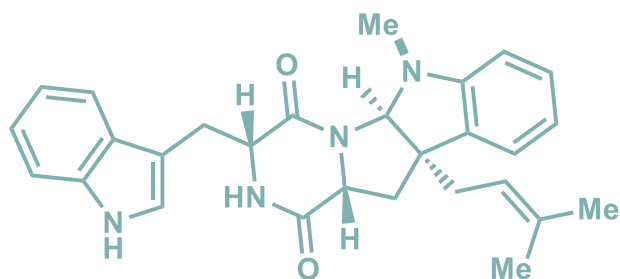
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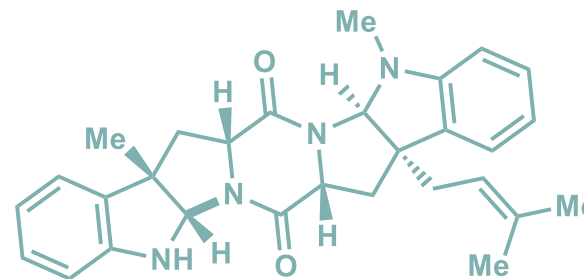
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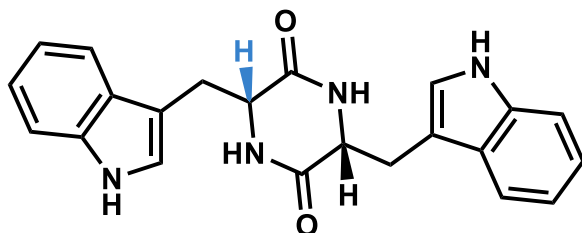
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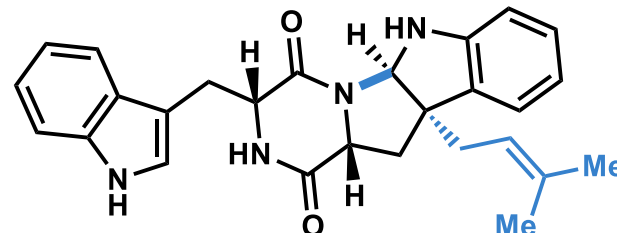


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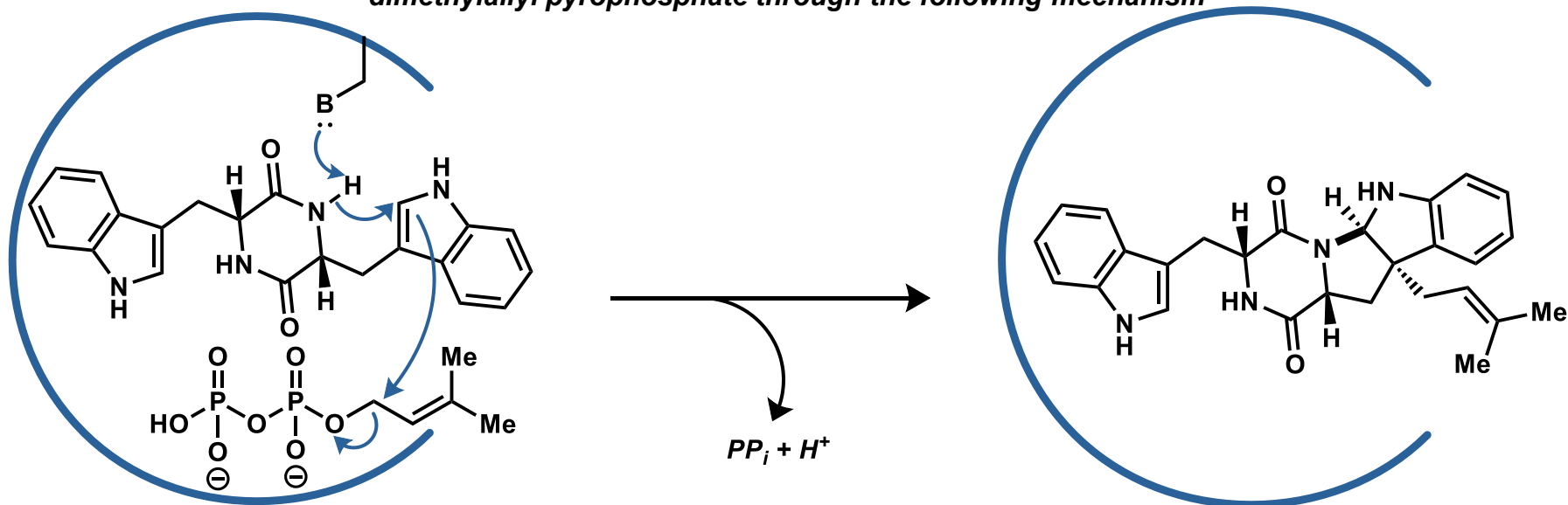


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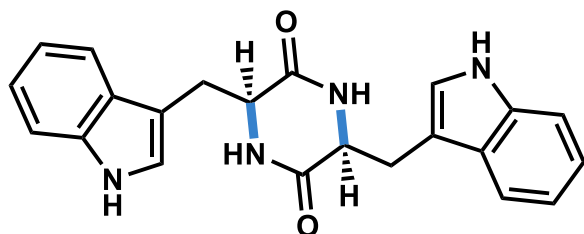


(4) *cyclo-D-Trp-C3'-prenyl-D-Trp*
prenyltransferase product

NozPT Prenyltransferase facilitates the interaction between cyclo-D-D-Trp-Trp and dimethylallyl pyrophosphate through the following mechanism

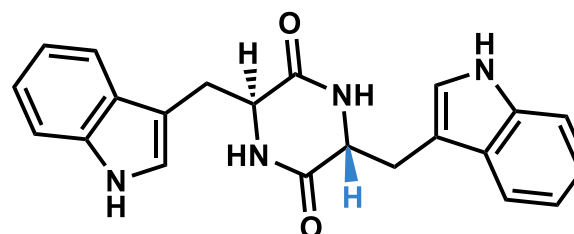


Note that the base residue involvement in this transformation is not elucidated in this work, but is included for mechanistic completeness



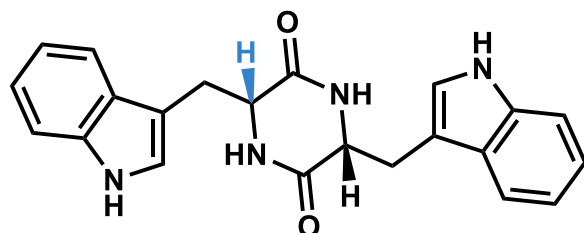
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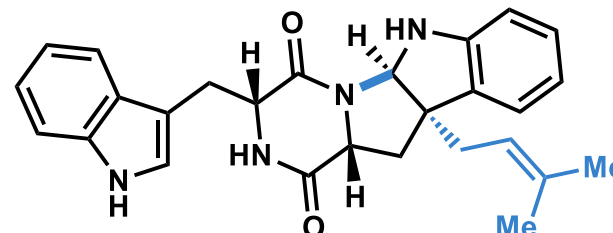
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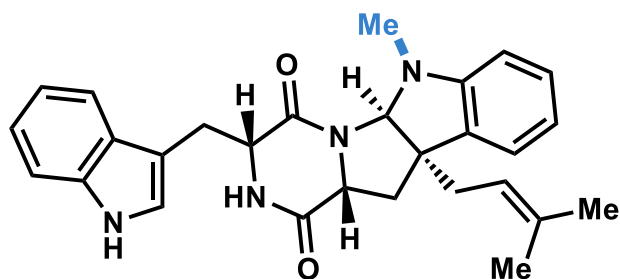
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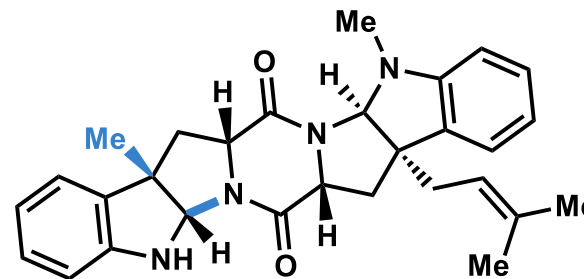
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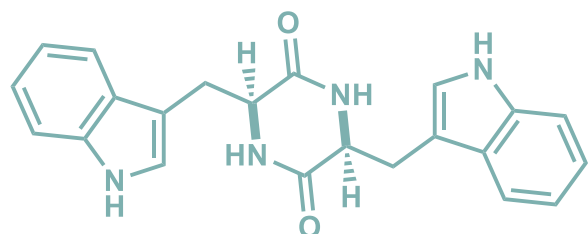
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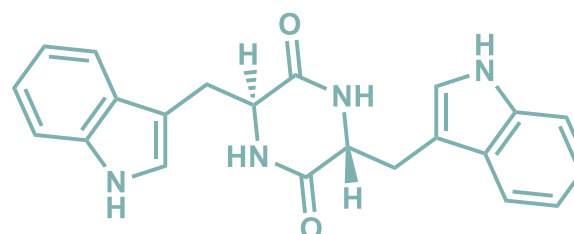
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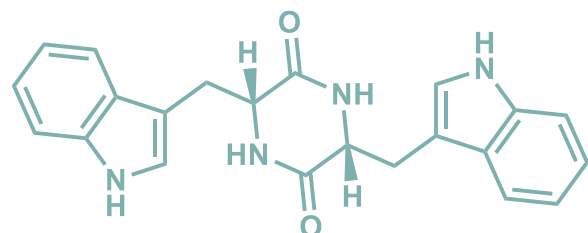
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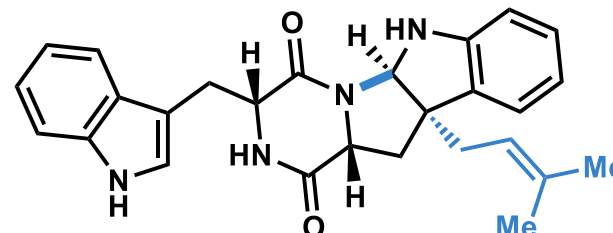
(2) *cyclo-D-L-Trp-Trp*

isomerase product I



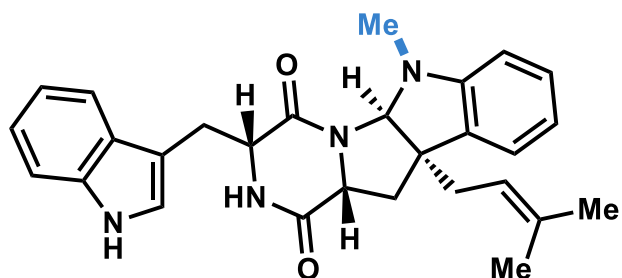
(3) *cyclo-D-D-Trp-Trp*

isomerase product II



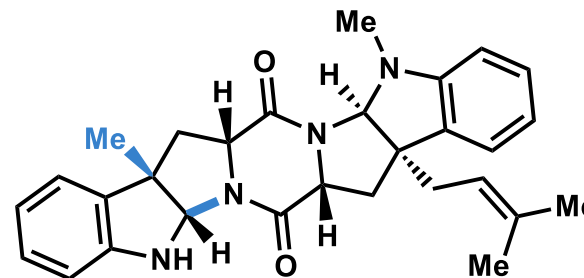
(4) *cyclo-D-Trp-C3'-prenyl-D-Trp*

prenyltransferase product



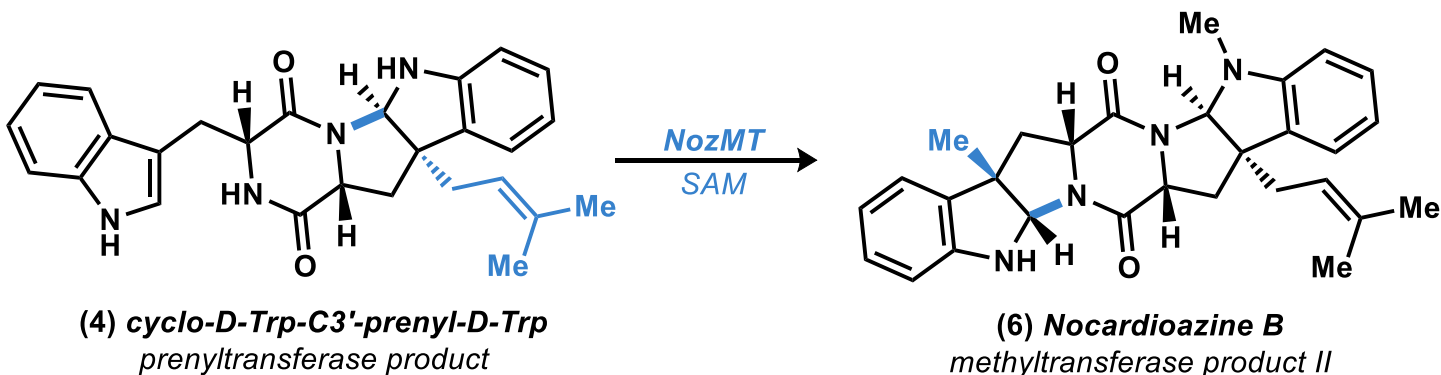
(5) *cyclo-D-Trp-N1'-methyl-C3'-prenyl-D-Trp*

methyltransferase product I

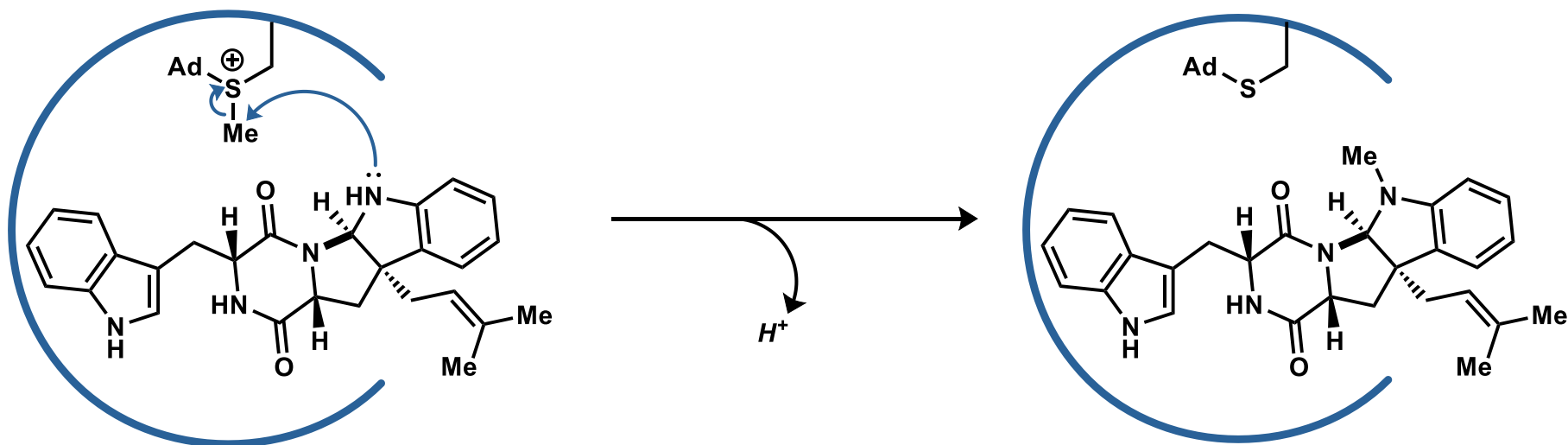


(6) *Nocardioazine B*

methyltransferase product II

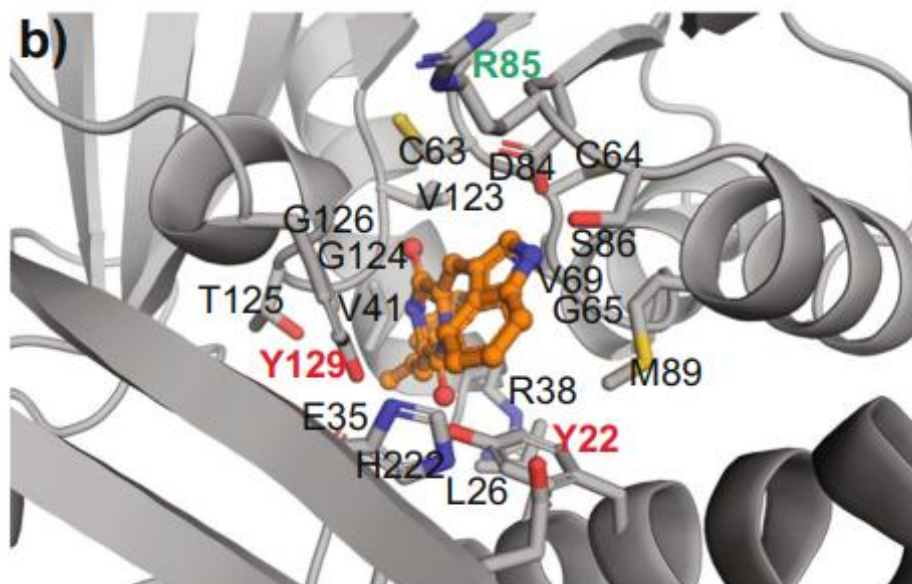
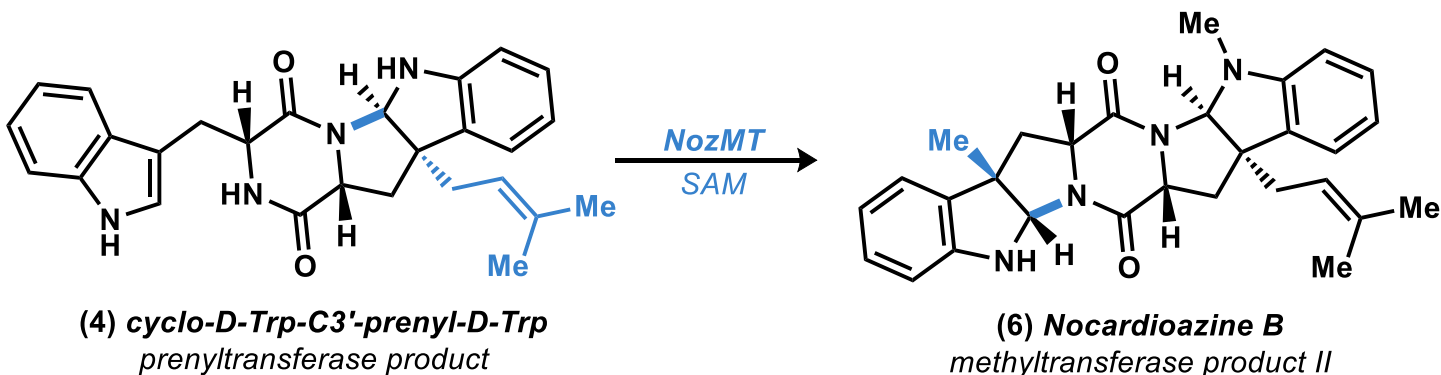


S-Adenosyl Methionine is responsible for an electrophilic methyl transfer by the following mechanism



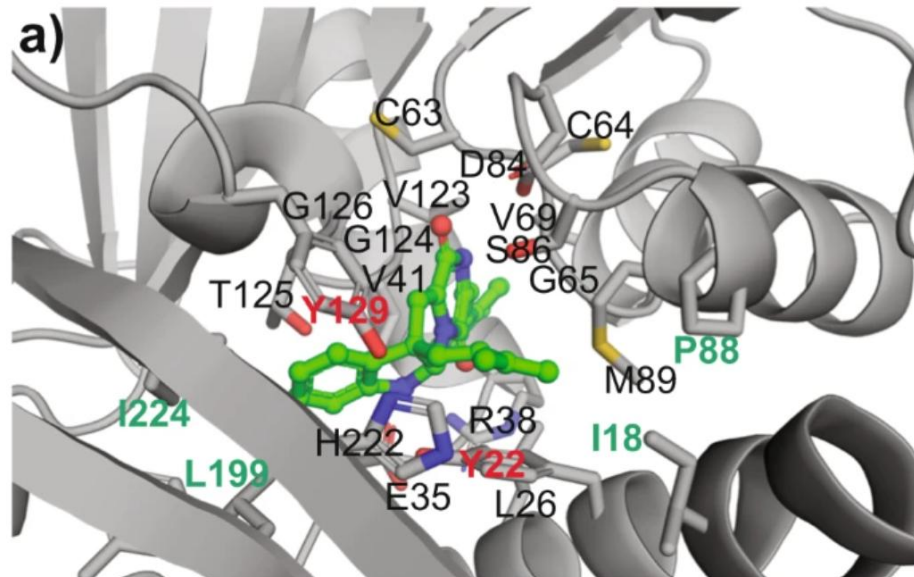
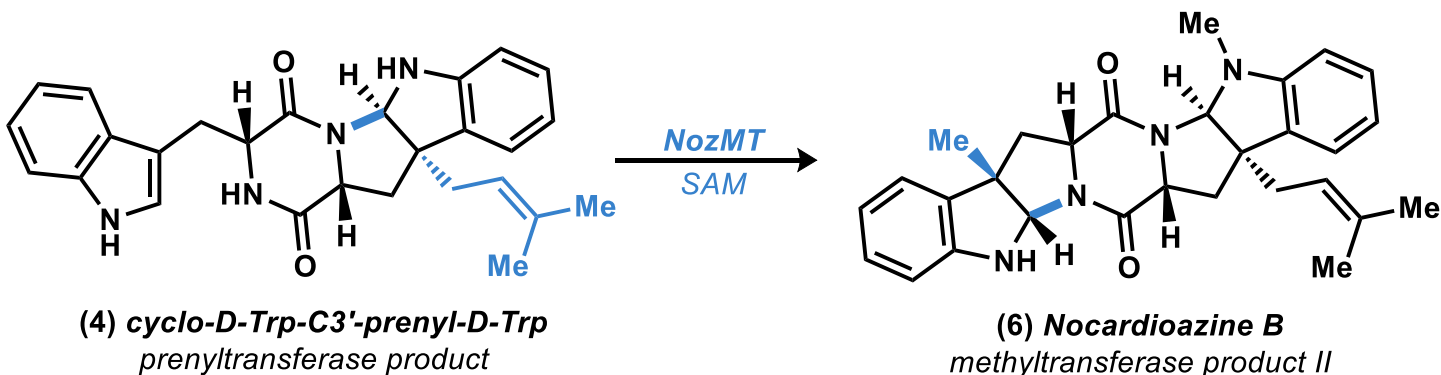
Cofactor regeneration is described in a later slide

NozMT SAM-Dependent Methyltransferase



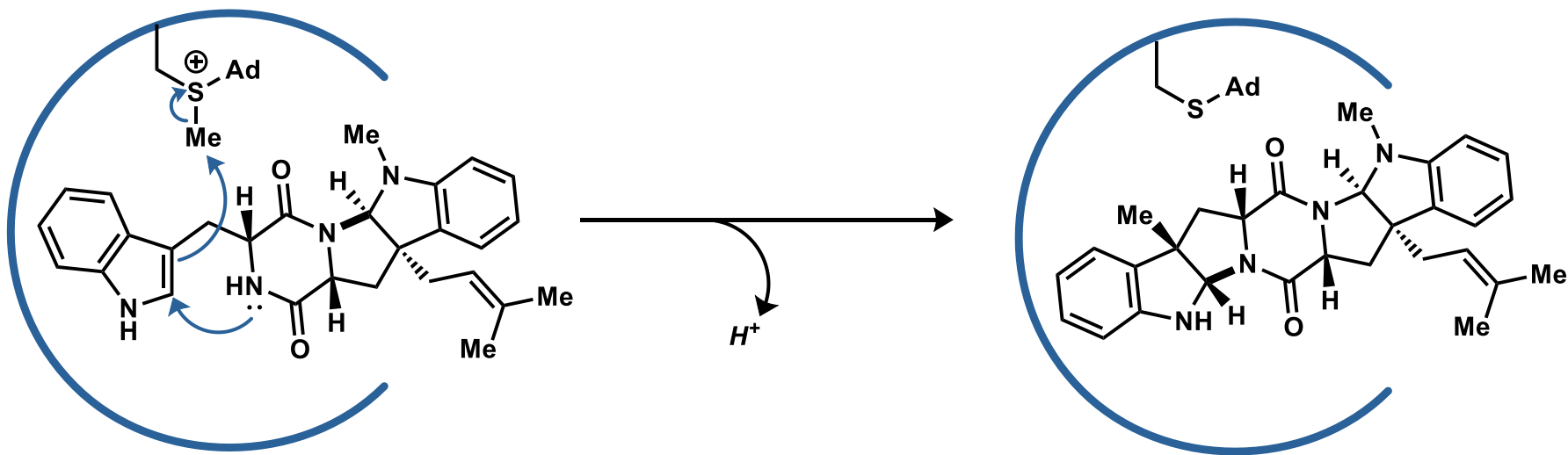
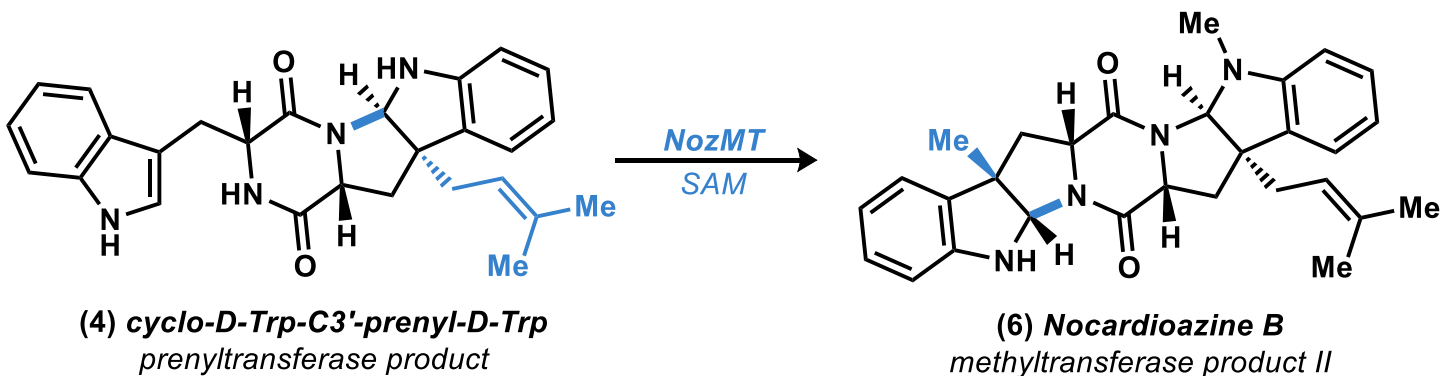
NozMT active site in complex with substrate 3 (rejected)

NozMT SAM-Dependent Methyltransferase

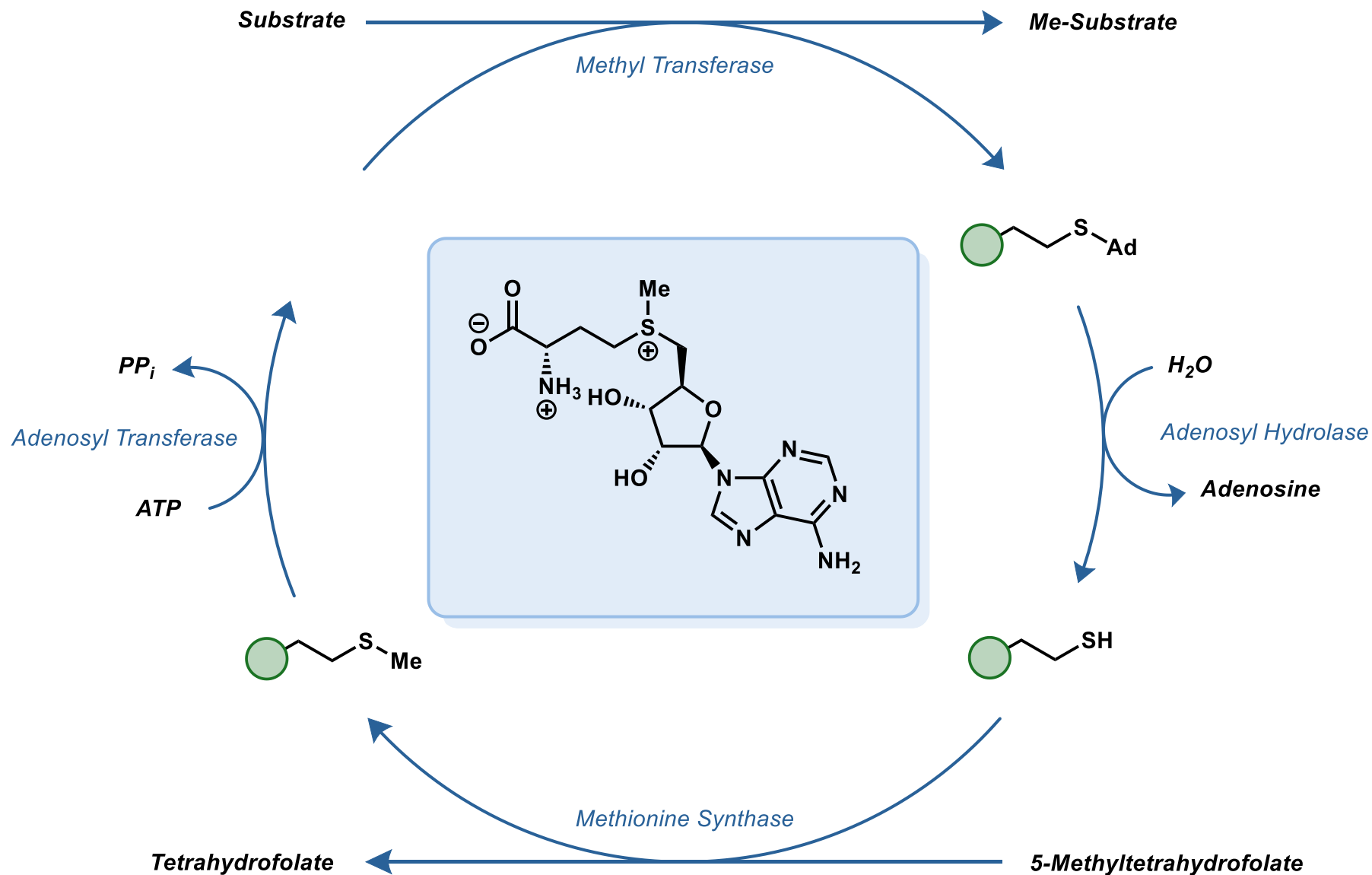


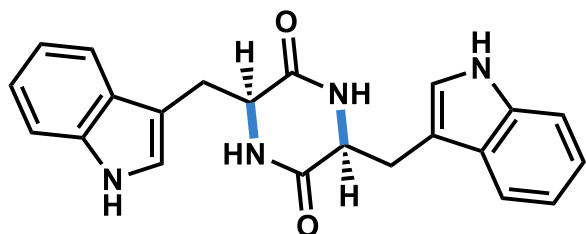
NozMT active site in complex with substrate 4

NozMT SAM-Dependent Methyltransferase



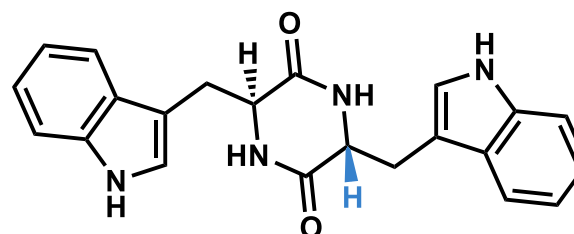
S-Adenosyl Methionine (SAM) Cofactor Regeneration



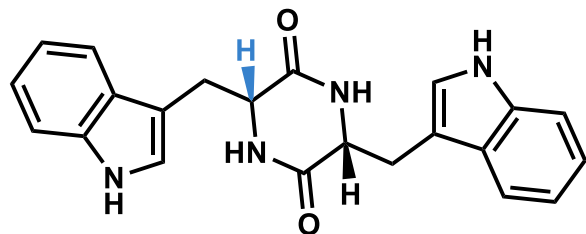


(1) *cyclo-L-Trp-Trp*

from tryptophanyl-tRNA^{Trp} via *NozA* or *NcdA* CDPS

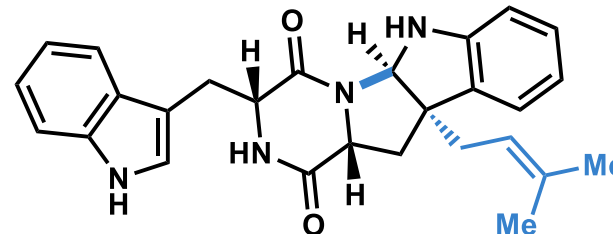


(2) *cyclo-D-L-Trp-Trp*
isomerase product I



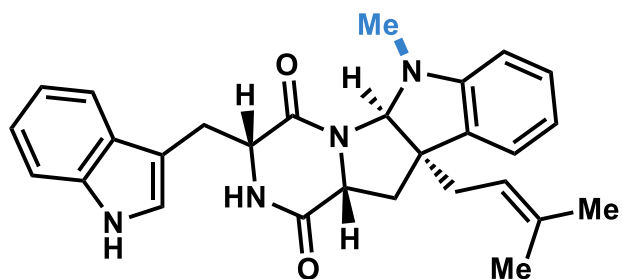
(3) *cyclo-D-D-Trp-Trp*

isomerase product II



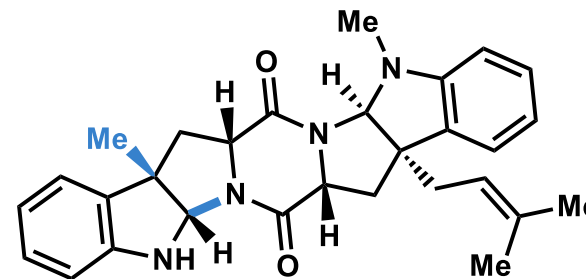
(4) *cyclo-D-Trp-C3'-prenyl-D-Trp*

prenyltransferase product



(5) *cyclo-D-Trp-N1'-methyl-C3'-prenyl-D-Trp*

methyltransferase product I



(6) *Nocardioazine B*

methyltransferase product II